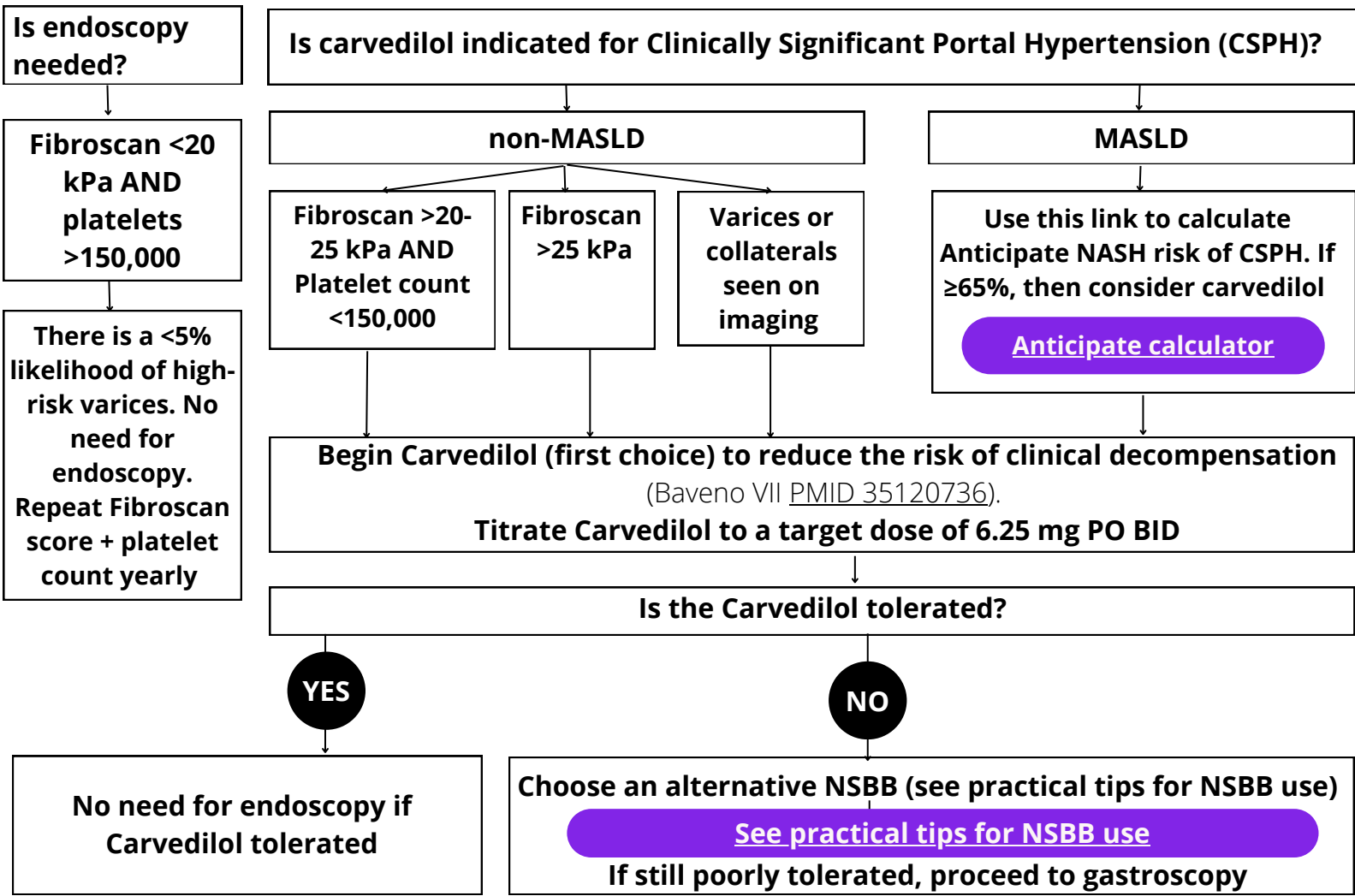


# Variceal Surveillance - Compensated Cirrhosis



## Esophageal varices classification

The Baveno classification of esophageal varices classifies small varices (<5mm) separate from medium/large varices (≥5 mm)

[Endoscopic grading of Esophageal Varices](#)

### NONE

- **Endoscopy in 2-3 years** (2 years if the disease etiology is still active, i.e. alcohol use, obesity)

### LOW RISK VARICES (small varices <5mm, no red wale signs, Child Pugh A or B)

- Consider starting Carvedilol or NSBB to reduce the risk of decompensation

### HIGH RISK VARICES (large varices ≥5mm or red wale signs)

- Carvedilol or NSBB preferred over endoscopic band ligation (Baveno VII PMID 35120736).

[See more info to guide your choice](#)

## Gastric varices classification

[Sarin grading of Gastric varices](#)

### GOV1

- Manage as per esophageal varices

### GOV2 or IGV1

- **These patients have CSPH.** Baveno VII suggests the initiation of carvedilol/NSBB and that further studies are required