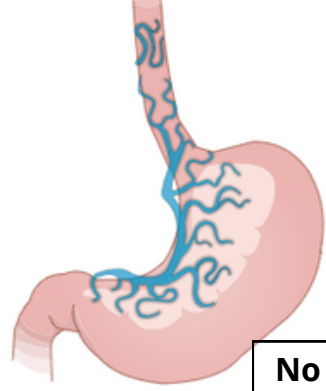


Variceal Surveillance – Decompensated Cirrhosis



Is the patient already on Carvedilol or a NSBB?

YES

No need for gastroscopy

NO

Gastroscopy to surveil for varices

Esophageal varices classification

The Baveno classification of esophageal varices classifies small varices (<5mm) separate from medium/large varices (≥5 mm)

Endoscopic grading of Esophageal Varices

NONE

- Endoscopy in 1 year's time

LOW RISK VARICES (small varices <5mm, no red wale signs, Child Pugh B)

- Consider starting Carvedilol or NSBB

[See practical tips for NSBB use](#)

HIGH RISK VARICES (large varices ≥5mm or red wale signs or Child Pugh C)

- Carvedilol or NSBB preferred over endoscopic band ligation (Baveno VII PMID 35120736)

[See more info to guide your choice](#)

Gastric varices classification [Sarin grading of Gastric Varices](#)

GOV1

- Manage as per esophageal varices

GOV2 or IGV1

- **These patients have CSPH.** Baveno VII suggests the initiation of carvedilol/NSBB and that further studies are required